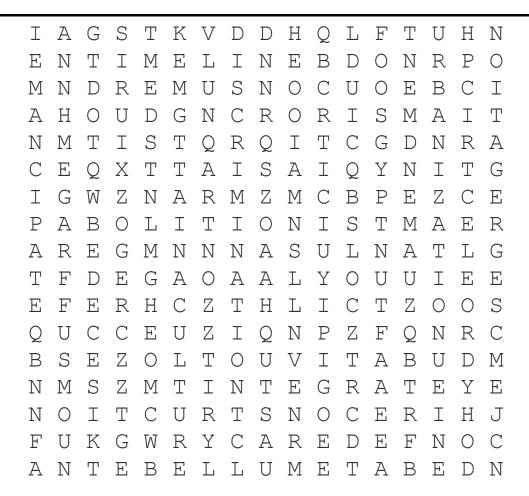


EAST TENNESSEE HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Making history personal

Important Words to Know Before Your Visit to the Museum of East Tennessee History



Note: Words may share letters and can be up, down, horizontal, or diagonal within the puzzle.

ABOLITIONIST
AMENDMENT
ANTEBELLUM
CONFEDERACY
CONSUMER
CULTURE
DEBATE

DISCRIMINATION

ECONOMICS
EMANCIPATE
HYDROELECTRIC
INDUSTRIALIZATION
INTEGRATE
MECHANIZATION
PLANTATION
RECONSTRUCTION

SECEDE
SEGREGATION
SUFFRAGE
TIMELINE
TOURISM
UNION
URBANIZATION

Definitions

ABOLITIONIST: a person who wants to put an end to a system (in the case of American History, to put an end to slavery)

AMENDMENT: a change or addition to a law or other important piece of writing, i.e. an amendment to the U.S.

Constitution

ANTEBELLUM: a time period before a large war; in American history, it usually refers to the time period before the Civil War

CONFEDERACY: a group of people, states, or parties that are joined together for a specific cause, i.e. the Confederate States of America

CONSUMER: anyone who buys goods and services

CULTURE: the way of life of a particular group of people. This includes their food, clothing, buildings, language, beliefs, arts, tools, and traditions.

DEBATE: a formal discussion between people in which they tell or explain different opinions about something

DISCRIMINATION: the treatment of one person or group of people as different from another person or group of people, often based on race or gender

ECONOMICS: the study of how people get the goods and services they need and want

EMANCIPATE: to set someone free from legal, social, or political restrictions, i.e. emancipate slaves from slavery

HYDROELECTRIC: having to do with machines that generate electricity by the power of moving water

INDUSTRIALIZATION: the transformation from an agricultural society to one based on manufacturing

INTEGRATE: to combine or unite two or more things; such as to give people of all races equal opportunity

MECHANIZATION: a change from working by hand or with animals to doing work with machinery

PLANTATION: a very large farm that usually grows one main crop and is usually maintained by workers who live there

RECONSTRUCTION: the federal plan to reorganize and rebuild the United States after the Civil War, including plans

to re-admit the southern states

SECEDE: to separate from a nation in order to become an independent country

SEGREGATION: the practice of keeping people of different groups, such as races, separated from one another

SUFFRAGE: the right to vote in political elections

TIMELINE: a way to organize information by placing it on a line of dates that shows passage of time

TOURISM: business based on serving those traveling for fun to a certain area

UNION: during the Civil War, the Union was the term used to refer to the United States of America, and specifically to the national government and the 20 free states and five border slave states which supported it

URBANIZATION: a process where people leave rural areas to move into cities, causing the cities to grow